## OPERATORS AND OPERANDS

Fundamental Programming Elements

## OPERATORS AND OPERANDS

- Operators are symbols or words that denote some processing that takes place on one, two, or three expressions
- Operands are the expressions on which operators work; generally they can be
- constants
- variables
- functions that return values
- combinations of the above
- Operators produce a new expression


## NUMBER OF OPERANDS

- Operators can be characterized by the number of required operands
- Unary: a single operand
- Binary: two operands
- Ternary: three operands
- Examples:
- -N
- $a+b$
new Person
$y * \operatorname{sqrt}(2)$ sizeof(int)
$x / 2$
- $(x<y) ? x: y$


## ORDER OF OPERATOR EVALUATION

- When an expression contains multiple operators, two characteristics govern the order in which the operators are evaluated
- Precedence
- Arbitrary but generally follows algebraic conventions
- Built into the compiler
- Associativity
- Arbitrary but generally makes good sense
- Built into the compiler


## PRECEDENCE

- *, $/$, and \% all have the same precedence
-     + and - have the same precedence, which is lower than the above
- = has a very low precedence
- $a=4+2 * 3$
- $2 * 3$ is evaluated first
- $4+6$ is evaluated next
- $\mathrm{a}=10$ is the last operation
- Precedence can be overridden with parentheses
- $a=(4+2) * 3$


## ASSOCIATIVITY

- Associativity is the direction of evaluation (left to right or right to left)
- *, /, \%, +, and - are all left associative (evaluated left to right)
- = is right associative (evaluated right to left)
- $a=4+2+3$
- $4+2$ is evaluated first
- $6+3$ is evaluated next
- $\mathrm{a}=9$ is evaluated next
- $\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{c}=0$; is evaluated $\mathrm{as} \mathrm{a}=(\mathrm{b}=(\mathrm{c}=0))$;


## PARTIAL OPERATOR LIST

| Operator | Description | Associativity |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| () | Grouping | Right |
| ! | Logical negation / not | Right |
| ,$+ \quad-$ | Unary + and - | Right |
| *, / , \% | Multiplication, division, modular | Left |
| ,+- | Addition, subtraction | Left |
| $<,>,<=,>=$ | Less/greater than, less/greater than or equal to | Left |
| $==, \quad!=$ | Equal to, not equal to | Left |
| \& \& | Logical AND | Left |
| \|। | Logical OR | Left |
| $=$ | Assignment | Right |

